

ENTIRE SUBWAY SYSTEM TIED UP



The



World.



PRICE (ONE CENT in Greater New York and Hudson County, N. J. TWO CENTS elsewhere.)

"Circulation Books Open to All."

NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 25, 1917. 10 PAGES

10 PAGES

PRICE (ONE CENT in Greater New York and Hudson County, N. J. TWO CENTS elsewhere.)

AUSTRIAN LINE SMASHED BY ITALIANS

President Exempts Heads of Families From Draft

PRESIDENT ORDERS ARMY MADE UP OF SINGLE MEN AS FAR AS IT IS POSSIBLE

Writes Secretary Baker That Heads of Families Should Be Excused, Except in Cases Where There Are Incomes to Provide for Dependents

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—President Wilson to-day declared that the first draft of 687,000 citizen soldiers should be made up of men who are not heads of families.

In a letter to Secretary Baker he said that the only exemption to this rule should be in the case of a man seeking exemption or his dependents having sufficient income to supply the needs of those dependents.

The President expressed the view that single men should be taken where it is possible.

The President's action is expected to result in a modification of the rules recently promulgated by Provost General Crowder on the subject.

As the President is empowered by the draft law to make the regulations under which it will be carried out, the effect of his letter to Secretary Baker is to throw his influence toward a more liberal policy for exemption of married men than heretofore has been pursued by the Provost Marshal General's office.

It is no secret that the President's view is in open conflict with the interpretation placed at present on the law by army officers who are administering it. They contend that, as the history of the law shows that Congress voted down amendments to exempt married men, they have no legal authority to exempt them except on the grounds of dependency alone.

President Wilson's view, as forecast in his recent letter to Senator Weeks, is that the taking of married men and heads of families should be avoided at least on the first draft.

REOPEN FIGHT TO TAX WAR PROFITS 80 PER CENT.

Conference of Senators Agrees to New Proposal for Higher Levy.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Senators favoring higher income and war profits taxes in conference to-day agreed to reopen their fight Monday by proposing to take a flat 80 per cent. of war profits.

COLUMBIA HOSPITAL ACCEPTED AS NO. 1

Army Orders Published To-Day Designate It as Place Where Serious Cases Will Be Treated.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Columbia Hospital, New York City, which was accepted as a war hospital by the Government some time ago, is designated as United States Army General Hospital No. 1, in army orders published to-day.

It will be one of a series of big hospitals where serious cases will be brought when treatment requires such time that the men cannot be kept in any of the field or other hospitals without clogging the machinery for caring for the wounded.

TWO TAXI BANDITS 'SLUG' PAYMASTER, ROB HIM OF \$2,100

Victim Found Unconscious on Outskirts of Rutherford With Open Bag Nearby.

Bird S. Dennett, paymaster for Max G. Glahn & Co., Rutherford, N. J., was this morning knocked down by two thugs, then, with a satchel he carried containing nearly \$2,200, thrown into a taxicab, driven rapidly away and later found on the outskirts of Rutherford, with the open bag beside him.

Mr. Dennett was returning from the Rutherford Trust Company with money for the payroll, and when within a block of his factory, a taxi stopped in front of him and two men jumped out, one of them pointing a revolver at his head. The paymaster made an effort to draw his own weapon, when the second man struck him on the head with a bludgeon and knocked him unconscious.

Dennett was thrown into the cab and driven away, according to bystanders who saw the assault but were powerless to interfere. The paymaster remembered nothing after he was hit until he revived at Police Headquarters. In the bag was \$2,100, overlooked by the highwaymen. They got about \$2,100. A general alarm was sent out for the taxi, but the police believe that the robbers, after changing the cab's license number, made a getaway.

Evidently the robbers were familiar with the routine of the paymaster. For years he had been taking the trip every Saturday morning between the Rutherford Trust Company and the factory.

\$8,000,000 A YEAR GIVEN TO RAILROAD MEN

Raise in Wages Granted to Employees on Lines in Southeastern Territory.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—A wage increase aggregating \$8,000,000 annually has been granted the 25,000 shop employees on the railroads in Southeastern territory. It was announced to-day.

This settlement was affected by Secretary of Labor Wilson, who was called in as mediator after repeated efforts since last February failed to bring both sides together.

Cardinal Gets Orders to Leave Lisbon in Five Days.

LISBON, Aug. 25.—Cardinal Anthony Mendes Bello, the Patriarch of Lisbon, has been given five days by the Portuguese Government to leave the capital. A decree issued to-day forbids the Cardinal to reside in Lisbon or the suburbs for one year.

JERSEY CITY MAN HELD WITH DOCTOR AS DRAFT PLOTTER

Goldfarb, Passed by Home Board, Exempted in Brooklyn—Third Man Arrested.

A relationship was established to-day between two cases of alleged conspiracy against the Draft Act. One is the case of Dr. Albert Fritz, a volunteer assistant of Local Board No. 59 in Brooklyn, accused of offering to sell an exemption for \$200. The other is the case of Harry Goldfarb, No. 309 Montgomery Street, Jersey City, son of a wealthy merchant. Goldfarb is accused of using improper methods to secure his own exemption—and the peculiar fact is that Goldfarb, although a resident of Jersey City, took his physical examination in Brooklyn and was rejected by Dr. Fritz.

It was Leo S. Sullivan, Chairman of Local Board No. 1 in Jersey City, who revealed the connection between the two cases. Testifying before United States Commissioner Carpenter in Jersey City, Sullivan made this statement:

"On Aug. 7 Goldfarb came to me and asked to be transferred to a local board on the east side in New York. I knew he was very anxious to be exempted and I refused the transfer. I ordered him to appear on Aug. 10 for examination.

TRANSFERRED TO BOARD NO. 59 IN BROOKLYN.

"On Aug. 9 I was called upon by Julius Wohlgemuth of No. 1941 Eighty-first Street, Brooklyn, who brought an affidavit stating that Goldfarb was living in the Bensonhurst Hotel, Brooklyn, and was too ill to appear for examination. On the following day I received a communication from Local Board 59 in Brooklyn saying that board had transferred Goldfarb to its jurisdiction and would examine him. I judged that the Brooklyn board had no right to make such a transfer and accordingly our board certified Goldfarb for service in the army."

Records of the Brooklyn board were produced before that Goldfarb had been examined and exempted for epilepsy and had vision after examination by Dr. Fritz and Dr. Allen Hull. The evidence included an affidavit from Dr. Jacob L. Rosenstein of No. 135 Wayne Street, Jersey City, corroborating the epilepsy report.

It was testified by Dr. Edward Mulvaney of Jersey City that Goldfarb on Aug. 3 had consulted him with a view to exemption.

"He used a different name," Dr. Mulvaney said, "but it was the same man. I told him he was a coward, and that he was physically fit. It happened to know that he had recently passed a physical examination for life insurance and had been allowed a \$10,000 policy."

A detective said that Goldfarb had registered at the Brooklyn hotel on Aug. 8 and 9, but that there was no record of his presence there on Aug. 10. Goldfarb and Wohlgemuth are both accused of conspiracy and are out on \$10,000 bail each. The hearing before Commissioner Carpenter is to be continued on Monday.

Men exempted by Board No. 59, which sits in the New Utrecht High School, Bath Beach, are being re-examined to-day as the result of the arrest of Dr. Fritz.

The Federal authorities emphasize the fact that Dr. Fritz was not a member of the board and that no member of the board is concerned in the matter.

(Continued on Second Page.)

ALL SUBWAY TRAFFIC HALTED BY POWERHOUSE SHUTDOWN DUE TO SHORTAGE OF COAL

Trains Able to Reach Stations and Discharge Passengers, but Ticket Sale Is Stopped—"L" Lines Are Swamped by Overflow.

Trouble in the power house at Fifty-ninth Street and the North River crippled the electrical supply system of the subway branch of the Interborough this afternoon and temporarily put that important branch of transportation out of commission. The power house failure developed at 2 o'clock and was so serious that telephone orders were sent to all ticket agents to refuse tickets to persons seeking to board trains and to instruct all train crews to discharge passengers.

The Public Service Commission reported that the shutdown was caused by a shortage of coal in the power house, which caused the abandonment for steam making purposes of several of the big boilers.

Interborough officials stated at 3:30 o'clock that a bargeload of coal had reached the power house and would soon be unloaded and that the trains would be started again probably in about an hour.

The power at the time of the tie-up was sufficient to move empty trains and to enable loaded trains to get to station platforms, but rain lights were weak and in many instances they went out altogether and the cars were illuminated only by the emergency lights fed from motorage batteries. Passengers who were compelled to leave the subway because of the tie-up were furnished with tickets good on the elevated lines and these were soon swamped by the swarms of travelers bound uptown.

As soon as it became apparent that the movement of cars in the subway must be stopped for an indefinite period the Interborough management requested Police Headquarters to send policemen to all express stations to aid in maintaining order. As rapidly as possible reserves were sent to the most important stations and they had their hands full.

The heat, the unexpected failure of the electric current, the semi-darkness and the premonitory orders that all passengers leave trains created conditions approaching panic at many points. Thousands of passengers refused to leave the trains until the lights were turned off. The job of supplying the subway patrons with "L" tickets was heavier than could be handled by some of the ticket office forces, and thousands who had paid fares hurried out of the subway rather than stand in line.

ELEVATED LINES SWAMPED BY RUSH FROM SUBWAY.

The bulk of the overflow went to the Third and Sixth Avenue lines below Fifty-ninth Street and to the Ninth Avenue "L" uptown. The Ninth Avenue "L" already was crowded with passengers bound homeward or to the Polo Grounds and the platforms were soon jammed with irritated and perspiring people.

So many people were sent out of the subway to scatter through the city and so many were kept from entering that the natural flow of rumors was soon afloat. One report was that there was a big strike of powerhouse men. Another was that there had been a big explosion. Somebody started a rumor that the subway had been taken over for the afternoon by the United States Gov-

PLUNGES TO DEATH FROM HIGH WINDOW WITH BABY IN ARMS

James Byrne Commits Suicide After Quarrel With Wife—Tiny Daughter Dying.

At a fifth-story window at No. 305 East One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, James Byrne, who lived there, stood at noon to-day with his two-year-old daughter, Mary, in his arms. The child was crying.

The man climbed over the sill—awkwardly, because his arms were occupied with the little girl—and as he fell for a moment, his legs swinging over the street. His other daughter, five-year-old Marie, was in the street playing. Byrne looked at her and then, still holding the younger child, he leaped. He died a few minutes later in the Harlem Hospital, and the little girl is dying there with a fractured skull.

In an effort to reconstruct the story, the climax of which was the leap, the police have been successful only in part. Byrne and his wife, they learned, had been quarrelling all morning. But the neighbors said there was nothing unusual in that. The wife had been struck in the eye this time, and the janitor's wife, Kate Brown, had interfered and taken Mrs. Byrne downstairs. Byrne plunged to his death a few minutes later.

Twelve Miles of Forest Land Burned in Idaho.

GRANGEVILLE, Ida., Aug. 25.—A great forest fire is burning in the Idaho forest reserve near Dixie, ninety miles east of here, to-day. Twelve square miles have been burned over.

Arrangement for a secret movement of soldiers.

The Fourteenth Street, Grand Central and Seventy-second Street Stations were centres of disturbance for an hour, and the Ninety-sixth Street Military District United States Army, upon request of Gov. James Witherspoon.

(For Racing Results See Page 2.)

ARTIST LA BERDURE IS DYING OF RABIES; NEGLECT CHARGED

Health Authorities of Edgewater, N. J., Blamed for Not Examining Dog.

Alphonse La Berdure, seventy-one years old, a portrait painter of No. 438 West One Hundred and Twenty-fourth Street, is dying in Willard Parker Hospital of rabies and the hospital specialists say his life will be a sacrifice to neglect on the part of the health officials of Edgewater, N. J. Berdure was bitten by a dog in Edgewater July 9.

Although the animal was foaming at the mouth and plainly dangerous, it was buried without any investigation after a policeman had killed it. Had Berdure been bitten in this city the brain of the animal would have been sent to the Board of Health and a determination as to whether it had been suffering from hydrophobia would have been reached within twenty-four hours. Then Berdure could have taken the Pasteur treatment and cure.

As it came about, Berdure appeared at the Board of Health last Monday complaining of pains in his hand and showing scars made by the teeth of the dog. He was sent to Willard Parker Hospital, where it was found that he was beyond the reach of the Pasteur treatment. All the doctors can do now is to try to lessen the agony of his last hours.

MITCHEL NAMES DOYLE FOR TEN YEAR BENCH TERM

Also Appoints Clark for Short Period as Queensboro Magistrate.

Mayor Mitchell relieved the anxiety of many Queens Borough politicians this afternoon by announcing the appointment of Magistrate Thomas E. Doyle to a ten-year term on the bench he now occupies and Edward R. Clark as Magistrate for the short term which will expire Jan. 1 next. Magistrate Doyle was appointed last May to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Magistrate Joseph F. Fitch. Since then Magistrate James J. Conway retired.

There has been considerable speculation as to who would get the appointments. At the time he named Doyle, Mayor Mitchell stated that he was only on probation. The Mayor has been accused of holding up the two appointments for political purposes, and his political opponents in Queens have been making it an issue.

The Mayor said to-day he was only concerned about getting the ablest men for the bench and that Magistrate Doyle had made good and was therefore entitled to the long term.

TROOPS SENT TO KILL IN OREGON FORESTS

Any Persons Suspected of Setting Fires to Be Shot on Sight, Is Command.

PORTLAND, Ore., Aug. 25.—Detachments of troops started into the forests of Oregon to-day with orders to shoot on sight any persons caught setting fires.

The order for the troops to patrol the forests was issued by Col. Clarence E. Dentler, commanding the Northwest Military District United States Army, upon request of Gov. James Witherspoon.

The value of timber in Oregon is fixed at \$12,000,000. It is needed very much just now for shipbuilding purposes.

GERMANS BEATEN AT YPRES, BERLIN ADMITS; FRENCH WIN MORE GROUND NEAR VERDUN

Canadians Push Deeper Into Lens, Capture Railway and Take Trench 1,000 Yards Beyond—Austrian Line Broken by Italians.

The Berlin official report to-day admits that the German line in the region of the Ypres-Menin road has been pushed back by the British.

The Canadians have driven further into Lens, capturing the railway and a trench 1,000 yards beyond it.

The progress was achieved in France's resumed offensive in the Verdun sector north of Hill 304 to-day. Three German works were taken and 1,200 more prisoners, making the total 8,101.

The Austrian line on the Isonzo front has been broken at several points by the Italians. Between Tolmino and the Adriatic the Italians are now pursuing the Austrians, who are defending the difficult ground yard by yard. One of the most brilliant feats of the Italians was the capture of Monte Santo, 2,245 feet high. This peak, seven miles north of Gorizia, dominates the broad plain beyond that city.

BERLIN, Aug. 25. (via London).—The German line on the northern fringe of Herenthing Road, in the region of the Ypres-Menin Road, has been pushed back somewhat by the British, the War Office announces. The Germans are reported to have captured Gillefont Farm, south of Vendhuille.

PARIS, Aug. 25.—The French scored a new victory on the Verdun front last night north of Hill 304. Three fortified works near Bethincourt were captured. The number of prisoners taken has been increased to 8,101. The number of Germans taken in the fighting at Verdun on Monday was 6,700 men and 201 officers.

Following is the text of to-day's War Office report:

"In Belgium there were rather violent artillery engagements in the region of Hixchoote. 'South of St. Quentin our detachments penetrated a German trench yesterday evening and brought back thirty-one prisoners. Another raid west of Pantheon also resulted in the taking of prisoners."

"In the Champagne the artillery fighting became intense in the region of the heights. Enemy surprise attacks near Vanquois and northeast of Avocourt were completely repulsed. On the left bank of the Meuse our troops made new progress north of Hill 304. In a brilliant action last night they carried three fortified works in the vicinity of Bethincourt. The number of unwounded prisoners taken on the left bank of the river yesterday was 450. This brings up the total to 8,101."

ON THE FRENCH FRONT, Aug. 25. (by the Associated Press).—Men from the German Emperor's favorite units from Brandenburg were captured in the latest French attack at Verdun. The prisoners taken in the preceding days comprise 1,145 men and 30 officers of the Twentieth Regiment, 1,099 men and 2 officers of the Twenty-fourth Regiment, 1,556 men and 17 officers of the Thirty-fifth Regiment. The number of officers taken was surprisingly high, showing the morale in the higher ranks is diminishing.

The attack yesterday began early in the morning eastward from Avocourt Wood to the west of Lafayette Creek, but the enemy thought the assault would occupy a larger front, as the artillery was busy on both sides. When Gen. Petain's St. More's

PARIS, Aug. 25.—A French steamer went to the assistance of the American steamship Campana, which was torpedoed and sunk by a submarine on Aug. 4. The French vessel was attacked by both torpedos and gunfire, but replied energetically and, notwithstanding losses, compelled the submarine to abandon the fight.

On the arrival at an American port this week of forty-six survivors of the Campana it was reported that the submarine which sank the vessel and took prisoner her captain and five of the gun crew was destroyed on the same day by a French patrol cruiser.

Banker Killed When His Car Skids.

CHATHAM, Mass., Aug. 25.—Joseph Shattuck, a banker of Rye, N. Y., who had a summer home in this town, was killed in an automobile accident at Yarmouth, near here, to-day. While rounding a sharp curve in the highway, made slippery by a heavy morning rain, the car skidded, turned over and crushed Mr. Shattuck to death. He was making the trip alone.

The attack yesterday began early in the morning eastward from Avocourt Wood to the west of Lafayette Creek, but the enemy thought the assault would occupy a larger front, as the artillery was busy on both sides. When Gen. Petain's St. More's

The attack yesterday began early in the morning eastward from Avocourt Wood to the west of Lafayette Creek, but the enemy thought the assault would occupy a larger front, as the artillery was busy on both sides. When Gen. Petain's St. More's